## In the Claims:

 (Currently Amended) A method for providing computer-based authentication <u>utilizingutilization</u> <u>absolute</u> keystroke <u>timing</u> biometrics, the method comprising the acts of:

obtaining <u>a first</u> absolute keystroke timing data of a user while the user types a passphrase;

responsive to said obtained absolute keystroke timing data, analyzing and abstracting the absolute keystroke timing data into a keystroke  $\underline{\text{timing}}$  data template;  $\underline{\text{and}}$ 

obtaining a second and subsequent absolute keystroke timing data of a user while the user types a passphrase and responsive to said received second and subsequent absolute keystroke timing data, merging said second and subsequent absolute keystroke timing data with said keystroke timing data template to create an updated, merged keystroke timing data template; and

verifying <u>said second and subsequent absolute future</u>
keystroke timings data against <u>said updated, merged keystroke</u>
timing data the <u>non-repudiated</u> template.

 (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1 further including the acts of receiving <u>said second and subsequent future</u>

absolute keystroke timing data; and updating said keystroke timing data template with the second and subsequent future—absolute keystroke timings data.

- 3. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 2 wherein the absolute keystroke timing data and the <u>second and subsequent</u> <u>future</u> absolute keystroke timing data include a serialized set of keystroke timings.
- 4. (Original) The method according to claim 3 wherein said serialized set of keystroke timings is selected from the group consisting of any timing differential between one key's depression and any key's release, one key's depression to any other key's depression, one key's release to any other key's depression, and one key's release to any other key's release.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 4 further including the act of performing nonce profiling of the <u>absolute</u> keystroke timing data and the <u>second and subsequent future</u> keystroke timing data.

- (Original) The method according to claim 5 further including the act of configuring the nonce profiling into a new passphrase.
- 7. (Currently Amended) A method for providing computer-based authentication <u>utilizingutilization</u> <u>absolute</u> keystroke <u>timing</u> biometrics, the method comprising the acts of:

predetermining a passphrase for plaintext authentication; typing the predetermined passphrase for plaintext authentication;

responsive to said act of typing, deriving <u>absolute</u> keystroke characteristics including a plurality of initial typing data timings, wherein said keystroke characteristics are variable;

responsive to said act of deriving keystroke characteristics, including obtaining a plurality of initial absolute typing data timings, abstracting the initial absolute typing data timings into a template for verification at a later time;

receiving additional typing and determining the  $\frac{absolute}{c}$  typing data timings of said additional typing;

responsive to said act of receiving additional typing data timings, verifying the additional typing data timings using said initial typing data timings;

responsive to said act of verifying, <u>updating said existing</u>
<u>template by mergingadding</u> the additional data timings as a
signature to the existing template if the verification is
approved, thereby increasing the number of data timings in the
template;

breaking down the additional typing data timings of the additional typing into nonces; and

responsive to said breaking down of said additional typing data timings, reassembling the nonces into a new passphrase.

- 8. (Original) The method according to claim 7 wherein the keystroke characteristics include any timing differential between one key's depression and any key's release, one key's depression to any other key's depression, one key's release to any other key's depression, and one key's release to any other key's release.
- 9. (Original) The method according to claim 8, further including the act of calculating total calculation points.
- 10. (Original) The method according to claim 7, responsive to

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said abstracting act, further comprising the acts of:

calculating a set of levels to be N-1, wherein N is the length of the passphrase;

responsive to said calculating act, calculating a mean average, variance, and standard deviation for each calculation point over a number of samples;

determining a normalize weighting at each said set level based on a spread from a largest percent error to a smallest percent error;

calculating the multiplication factor for weighting as a sum of all weights for the entire passphrase;

calculating the multiplication factor for weighting as a sum of all weights for each level in the passphrase;

creating a template by storing each calculation point, mean average, standard deviation, percent error, weight for an index normalized over the entire passphrase, and weight for an index normalized within the level;

responsive to said act of calculating the multiplication factor for weighting as the sum of all weights for the each level in the passphrase, storing the multiplication factor for weighting as the sum of all weights for each level in the passphrase at each

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breadth level; and

responsive to said act of calculating the multiplication

factor for weighting as a sum of all weights for each level in the  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right)$ 

passphrase, storing the multiplication factor for weighting as the

sum of all weights for the entire passphrase and the data timing

at the highest level.

11. (Original) The method according to claim 8 wherein the total

number of timings are determined as 2N-1, and wherein N is a

number of key presses.

12. (Original) The method according to claim 10, further

including the acts of:

adjusting the additional typing data timings to match the

data timings in the template;

calculating a new mean average, variance, standard deviation,

and percent error using an incremental standard deviation formula;

recalculating the normalize weighting within each level;

recalculating the normalize weighting of each calculating

point;

recalculating the multiplication factor for weighting as the

sum of all weights for the entire passphrase;

recalculating multiplication factor for weighting as the sum of all weights for each level in the passphrase;

recreating the mean average, standard deviation, percent error, weight for the index normalized over the entire passphrase, and the weight for the index normalized within the level for the template;

storing the multiplication factor for weighting as the sum of all weights for the each level in the passphrase at each breadth level; and

storing the multiplication factor for weighting as the sum of all weights for the entire passphrase and the data timing at the highest level.

13. (Original) The method according to claim 7 wherein the verifying act includes the acts of:

interpreting a raw score as a value, wherein the smaller the value, the higher the confidence;

responsive to said interpreting act, calculating a threshold; and

inverting the value to obtain a translated score.

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14. (Original) The method according to claim 7 further comprising the act of refining the template with additional nonces.

- 15. (Original) The method according to claim 7 wherein the method is performed using JAVA applet/servlet pair technology.
- 16. (Original) The method according to claim 7 wherein the method is performed using GINA technology.
- 17. (Original) The method according to claim 7 further including the act of requiring purchasers of products to perform the typing act.
- 18. (Original) The method according to claim 7 further including the act of requiring a person enrolled in online educational programs to perform the typing act prior to accessing online educational materials.
- 19. (Original) The method according to claim 7 further including the act of enhancing RADIUS protocols with the method.

20. (Currently Amended) A method for providing computer-based authentication utilization keystroke biometrics, the method comprising the acts of:

obtaining a first absolute keystroke timing data of a user while the user types a passphrase, wherein said absolute keystroke timing data is selected from the group consisting of any timing differential between one key's depression and any key's release, one key's depression to any other key's depression, one key's release to any other key's depression, and one key's release to any other key's release;

responsive to said obtained <u>absolute</u> keystroke timing data, analyzing and abstracting the <u>absolute</u> keystroke timing data into a keystroke <u>timing</u> data template;

obtaining a second and subsequent absolute keystroke timing data of a user while the user types a passphrase, and responsive to said received second and subsequent absolute keystroke timing data, merging said second and subsequent absolute keystroke timing data with said keystroke timing data template to create an updated, merged keystroke timing data template;

verifying said second and subsequent absolute future

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keystroke timing data against <u>said updated, merged keystroke</u> timing data <del>the non-repudiated</del> template;

receiving future keystroke timing data;

updating\_said keystroke data template with the future
keystroke\_timings\_data;

performing nonce profiling of the <u>absolute</u> keystroke timing data and the <u>second and subsequent absolute future</u> keystroke timing data; and

configuring the nonce profiling into a new passphrase.

21. (Currently Amended) A method for providing computer-based authentication, the method comprising the acts of:

obtaining a first data sample;

responsive to said obtained data sample, analyzing and abstracting the <u>first</u> data sample into a non-repudiated data sample template; and

obtaining a second and subsequent absolute keystroke timing
data of a user while the user types a passphrase and responsive to
said received second and subsequent absolute keystroke timing
data, merging said second and subsequent absolute keystroke timing
data with said keystroke timing data template to create an

## updated, merged keystroke timing data template; and

verifying <u>said second and subsequent absolute future</u>—data samples <del>data</del> against the non-repudiated data sample template to determine consistency or inconsistency between the <u>future</u> <u>subsequent absolute</u> data samples as compared to the non-repudiated data sample template.